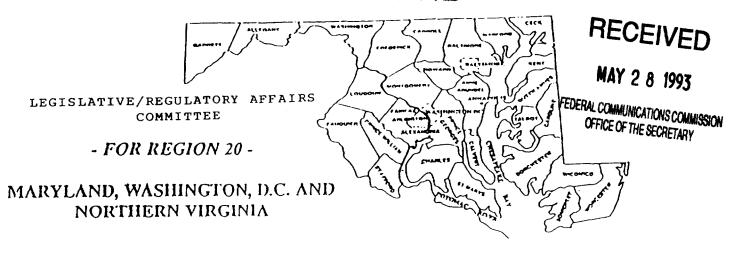
ORIGINAL DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL



Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, DC 20554

In the Matter of	}
Co-channel Protection) PR Docket No. 93-60 /
Criteria for Part 90,	
Subpart S Stations) RM-8028
Operating above 800 MHz)

COMMENTS

Submitted by:

Legislative Affairs Committee Region-20 Public Safety Plan Review Committee Dr. Michael C. Trahos, D.O., NCE, CET - Chairman 4600 King Street, Suite 5N/4E Alexandria, Virginia 22302

May 28, 1993

No. of Copies rec'd____

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		•	PARAGRAPH
I.	INTR	ODUCTION	1-3
II.	COMM	ENTS	4-15
	Α.	SHORT-SPACED MOBILE STATIONS ARE/WILL CAUSE HARMFUL INTERFERENCE UPON EXISTING BASE STATIONS	4-10
	В.	PUBLIC SAFETY 800 MHZ SYSTEMS MUST HAVE A GREATER PROTECTION THAN THE 40/22 DBU RATIO	11-15
III.	CONC	LUSION	16-17
IV.	FOOT	NOTES	PAGE 8
v.	APPE	NDICES	PAGE 9

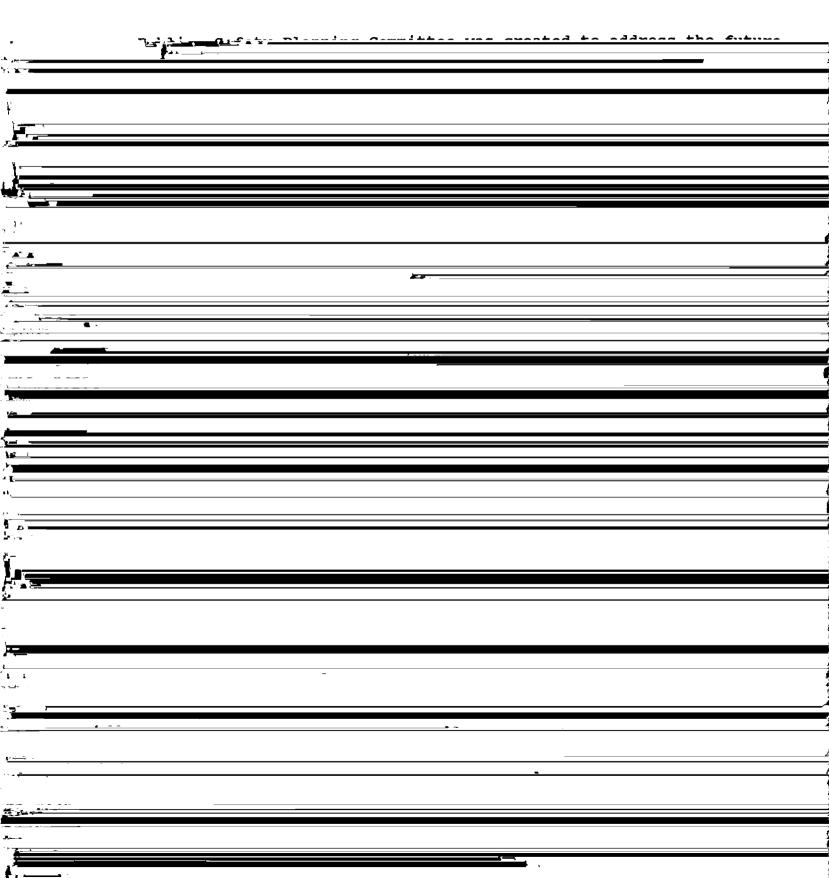
RECEIVED

MAY 2 8 1993

Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Washington, DC 20554

	In the Matter of)			
7	<u>Co-channel Protec</u>	ction	<u>'</u>	PR Docket No	93-60	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>			F		
- 						
			A.11			
·						
					* 	
- 1						
<u> </u>			,			
·.		1	,			
_						
					<u></u>	
-	<u>.</u>					-
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					



- 5. The Appendix to these Comments is a detailed study of this harmful interference impact, as prepared by Mr. Frank Stoda, Staff Engineer, Radio Services Branch, Division of Communications, Fairfax County, Virginia Government. The paragraphs infra, are a summation of this study.
- 6. The following TABLE A were the base, mobile and portable parameters used:

TABLE A

STATION TYPE	ERP	TX A		ANTENNA TYPE	HGT OF RX ANT (AGL)	FREQUENCY
BASE	 500W	 190	FT.	10dB OMNI	 9/6 FT.	854 MHZ
MOBILE	70W	9	FT.	3dB OMNI	190 FT.	809 MHZ
PORTABLE	3W	6	FT.	Odb OMNI	190 FT.	809 MHZ

7. The following TABLE B are the resultant base station average distance to field strength contours using the parameters in TABLE A supra:

TABLE B

1	STATION		CONTOURS	ı
ĺ	TYPE	40 dBu	22 dBu	18 dBu
ļ	22.42			

8. The following TABLE C are the resultant average distance to field strength contours of an existing portable station located just inside and a short-spaced mobile station, on the edge of the short-spaced base station 22 dBu system contour, located just outside the 40 dBu contour of the existing base station, using the parameters in TABLE A supra:

TABLE C

	STATION	40 dp.	CONTOURS	10 dby
	TYPE	40 dBu	22 dBu	<u> 18 dBu</u>
1	PORTABLE	9.43 MI	13.64 MI	14.53 MI
i	MOBILE	13.55 MI	16.30 MI	16.80 MI

9. The following TABLE D are the resultant microvolt (uv) and dBu signal intensity values, at that existing base station receiver, by the existing portable and short-spaced mobile stations as described in paragraph 8 supra, using the parameters in TABLE A supra:

TABLE D

STATION TYPE		SIGNAL uv	INTENSITIES dBu	 !
PORTABLE		1.24	28.63	
MOBILE	1	9.49	46.31	.

10. In the Notice, the Commission stated that:

"Historically, we have not considered the effect of mobile units when determining protection criteria. All considerations have been limited to base-to-base interference because one cannot predict where a mobile unit will be at any time. Mobile units can travel beyond their own service area and into the service area of a



- mobiles will operate out to, if not beyond, their base station's 22 dBu contour. Such a system short-spaced to a similar existing commercial operation may be tolerable. However, where the safety of life and property is of concern, such a commercial system short-spaced to an existing Public Safety system is unacceptable.
- 13. In General Docket 87-112, the Commission allocated the 821-824/866-869 MHz band for Public Safety use. As noted in paragraph 2 supra, the Commission adopted General Docket 90-7, the Public Safety Radio Communications Plan for Region-20.
- 14. The Region-20 Planning Committee, when formulating the Region-20 Plan, realized the importance of protecting existing base station receivers form co-channel system mobiles. The Region-20 Plan incorporated, and the Commission approved, a 40/5 dBu ratio base-to-base co-channel protection criteria.
- 15. There <u>cannot</u>, therefore, be one standardized protection criteria for all CFR Part 90, Subpart S, radio systems as proposed.5/ A minimum of <u>two</u> standardized protection criterias are needed, a conservative one for short-spacing upon existing co-channel Public Safety systems and another more liberal one for short-spacing upon existing non-public safety systems.

III.

CONCLUSION

- 16. The appendixed study shows that harmful interference will result to base station receivers from short-spaced mobile station operations based upon the proposed 40/22 dBu ratio base-to-base protection criteria. Existing Public Safety systems, being predominately hand-held portable in configuration, will not be able to tolerate such harmful interference with the potential result of placing human life in jeopardy.
- 17. The Commission has set the president, with the adoption of General Docket 90-7 and others, that a 40/5 dBu ratio base-to-base co-channel protection criteria is appropriate when short-spacing with an existing Public Safety system. The Commission should therefore extend this policy and implement, in the adopted Report and Order to this proceeding, a 40/5 dBu ratio

IV.

FOOTNOTES

- 1/ REPORT AND ORDER, General Docket 87-112, FCC 87-359,
 Paragraph 4.
- 2/ WASHINGTON, D.C. METROPOLITAN AREA REGION 20, General Docket 90-7, DA 90-28, January 17, 1990.
- 3/ NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING, PR Docket 93-60, FCC 93-140, Paragraph 12 and Footnote 18.
- 4/ <u>Ibid.</u>, Paragraph 16.
- 5/ Ibid., Paragragh 9.

APPENDICES FOR COMMENTS TO DOCKET NO. 93-60 SUBMITTED BY LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE REGION 20 PUBLIC SAFETY REVIEW COMMITTEE

Technical Data Submitted by:

Frank Stoda, Engineer
Radio Engineering & Services Branch
Division of Communications
Fairfax County, Virginia Government
3613 Jermantown Road
Fairfax, Virginia 22030

May 28, 1993

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. CRITERIA FOR SITE DATA USED

II. APPENDIX A

- A. EXHIBIT 1 40, 22, AND 18 DBU CONTOURS FOR EXISTING BASE STATION.
- B. EXHIBIT 2 40, 22, AND 18 DBU CONTOURS FOR SHORT-SPACED MOBILE OUTSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 DBU CONTOUR.
- C. EXHIBIT 3 40, 22, AND 18 DBU CONTOURS FOR EXISTING PORTABLE INSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 DBU CONTOUR.

III. APPENDIX B

- A. EXHIBIT 1 150 DEGREE RADIAL FROM EXISTING BASE STATION FOR 30 MILES SHOWING STATION'S EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, IN DBU, AT 0.2 MILE INCREMENTS.
- B. EXHIBIT 2 330 DEGREE RADIAL FROM SHORT-SPACED MOBILE OUTSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 DBU CONTOUR FOR 30 MILES SHOWING MOBILE'S EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, IN DBU, AT 0.2 MILE INCREMENTS.
- C. EXHIBIT 3 330 DEGREE RADIAL FROM EXISTING PORTABLE INSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 DBU CONTOUR FOR 30 MILES SHOWING PORTABLE'S EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, IN DBU, AT 0.2 MILE INCREMENTS.

TABLE OF CONTENTS (con.)

IV. APPENDIX C *

- EXHIBIT 1 72 RADIALS FROM EXISTING BASE STATION TO 18 DBU POINT SHOWING STATION'S EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, IN DBU, AT 0.2 MILE INCREMENTS.
- EXHIBIT 2 72 RADIALS FROM SHORT-SPACED В. MOBILE OUTSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 DBU CONTOUR TO 18 DBU POINT SHOWING MOBILE'S EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, IN DBU, AT 0.2 MILE INCREMENTS.
- EXHIBIT 3 72 RADIALS FROM EXISTING PORTABLE C. INSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 DBU CONTOUR TO 18 DBU POINT SHOWING PORTABLE'S EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, IN DBU, AT 0.2 MILE INCREMENTS.

NOTE: Because of its voluminous size, APPENDIX C will only be submitted in the original copy of this submission.

CRITERIA FOR SITE DATA USED

EXISTING BASE STATION:

Antenna Height: An antenna height of 200 ft (190 ft center of radiation) was chosen because of the tower lighting restriction of towers over 200 ft.

Effective Radiated Power: An effective Radiated Power (ERP) of 500 watts was selected using the criteria in FCC Rules 90.635 table 2 for stations in Suburban environments with an HAAT up to 500 ft.

Radial used to Existing Portable and Short-spaced Mobile:
Radial 150 was selected because the distance to the 40 dBu
contour for the Existing Base Station was close to the
average distance for the 40 dBu contour for the Existing
Base Station.

SHORT-SPACED MOBILE STATION:

Antenna Height: An antenna height of 9 ft was used base on average height of commercial vehicles.

Effective Radiated Power: An ERP of 70 watts was used based on a 35 watt mobile and a 3 dB gain antenna.

CRITERIA FOR SITE DATA USED

Existing Portable:

Antenna Height: An antenna height of 6 ft was used based on the average height of a person using a portable radio.

Effective Radiated Power: An ERP of 3 watts was used based on the highest rated power of most 800 MHz Portables in use in Fairfax County.

COMPUTER GENERATED DATA:

The Terrain Analysis Package Version 2.2a, Licensed for use By Fairfax County Government by SoftWright, was used for all data submitted in the appendices. The Bullington Obstruction Method was use for all data, using 3 second elevation data. Path loss was based on peak attenuation at inflection points and 1.333 earth curvature for all data.

Technical data respectfully submitted,

Frank W. Stoda, Engineer

APPENDIX A

INTERPOLATED DISTANCE TO CONTOURS - BULLINGTON OBSTRUCTION METHOD COMPUTED FIELD VALUES - BULLINGTON OBSTRUCTION METHOD

Transmitter Latitude: 38:55:13.0N Longitude: 77:13:48.0W

Transmitter center of radiation: 700.0 ft MSL (190 ft AGL)

Frequency: 854.000 MHz

Power: 500.000 W

Non-directional antenna

Receiver antenna: 9.0 ft AGL

72 radials, from .20 mi to 30.00 mi in .20 mi steps. Path loss based on peak attenuation at inflection points and 1.333 earth curvature.

Azimuth	40.0 dBu
(Deg T)	(mi)
.00	4.00
5.00	16.57
10.00	17.18
15.00	22.69
20.00	14.18
25.00	13.65
30.00	18.76
35.00	11.79
40.00	4.39
45.00	14.38
50.00	4.89
55.00	10.26
60.00	5.56
65.00	5.56
70.00	10.17
75.00	10.31
80.00	6.00
85.00	6.15
90.00	6.49
95.00	6.87
100.00	6.90
105.00	7.05
110.00	9.12
115.00	9.99
120.00	20.38
125.00	7.66
130.00	10.78
135.00	10.66
140.00	8.10

EXISTING BASE STATION

Azimuth	40.0 dBu
	(mi)
(Deg T)	•
145.00	9.33
150.00	12.31
155.00	7.58
160.00	8.64
165.00	12.96
	11.96
170.00	
175.00	13.38
180.00	13.55
185.00	9.93
190.00	8.97
195.00	12.79
200.00	12.67
	12.40
205.00	
210.00	11.80
215.00	10.14
220.00	10.38
225.00	13.28
230.00	11.75
235.00	11.16
240.00	11.44
240.00	
245.00	11.99
250.00	12.47
255.00	11.39
260.00	26.73
265.00	25.02
270.00	24.67
275.00	23.28
275.00	10.48
280.00	
285.00	11.88
290.00	23.92
295.00	12.74
300.00	12.59
305.00	21.86
310.00	9.76
	21.49
315.00	21.49
320.00	11.17
325.00	11.28
330.00	11.05
335.00	12.72
340.00	15.10
345.00	14.54
	14.58
350.00	
355.00	15.64

AVERAGE: 12.41 Miles for 40 dBu Contour.

INTERPOLATED DISTANCE TO CONTOURS - BULLINGTON OBSTRUCTION METHOD COMPUTED FIELD VALUES - BULLINGTON OBSTRUCTION METHOD

Transmitter Latitude: 38:55:13.0N Longitude: 77:13:48.0W

Transmitter center of radiation: 700.0 ft MSL (190 ft AGL)

Frequency: 854.000 MHz

Power: 500.000 W

Non-directional antenna

Receiver antenna: 9.0 ft AGL

72 radials, from .20 mi to 30.00 mi in .20 mi steps. Path loss based on peak attenuation at inflection points and 1.333 earth curvature.

22.0 dBu
(mi)
23.77
19.75
23.36
24.06
24.16
23.64
20.55
20.46
21.15
20.44
4.93
10.37
14.35
16.05
14.28
12.98
9.61
9.76
9.25
27.91
8.57
8.64
9.36
25.72
23.65
22.20
11.51
10.76

EXISTING BASE STATION

Azimuth	22.0 dBu
(Deg T)	(mi)
140.00	15.38
145.00	13.37
155.00	9.36
160.00	12.32
165.00	13.98
170.00	13.09
175.00	14.51
180.00	14.71
185.00	15.79
190.00	15.40
195.00	13.49
200.00	12.87
205.00	12.56
210.00	12.33
215.00	13.67
220.00	10.59
225.00	13.64 14.11
230.00	12.53
235.00	13.26
240.00 245.00	12.59
250.00	15.43
255.00	12.19
260.00	26.82
265.00	25.79
270.00	25.69
275.00	25.30
280.00	26.74
285.00	20.96
290.00	24.78
295.00	25.66
300.00	25.93
305.00	27.46
310.00	27.45
315.00	27.29
320.00	29.27
325.00	11.39
330.00	22.70
335.00	22.80
340.00	23.59
345.00	23.13
350.00	23.46
355.00	15.80

AVERAGE: 17.51 Miles for 22 dBu Contour.

1

5

INTERPOLATED DISTANCE TO CONTOURS - BULLINGTON OBSTRUCTION METHOD COMPUTED FIELD VALUES - BULLINGTON OBSTRUCTION METHOD

Transmitter Latitude: 38:55:13.0N

Longitude: 77:13:48.0W

Transmitter center of radiation: 700.0 ft MSL (190 ft AGL)

Frequency: 854.000 MHz

Power: 500.000 W

Non-directional antenna

Receiver antenna: 9.0 ft AGL

72 radials, from .20 mi to 30.00 mi in .20 mi steps. Path loss based on peak attenuation at inflection points and 1.333 earth curvature.

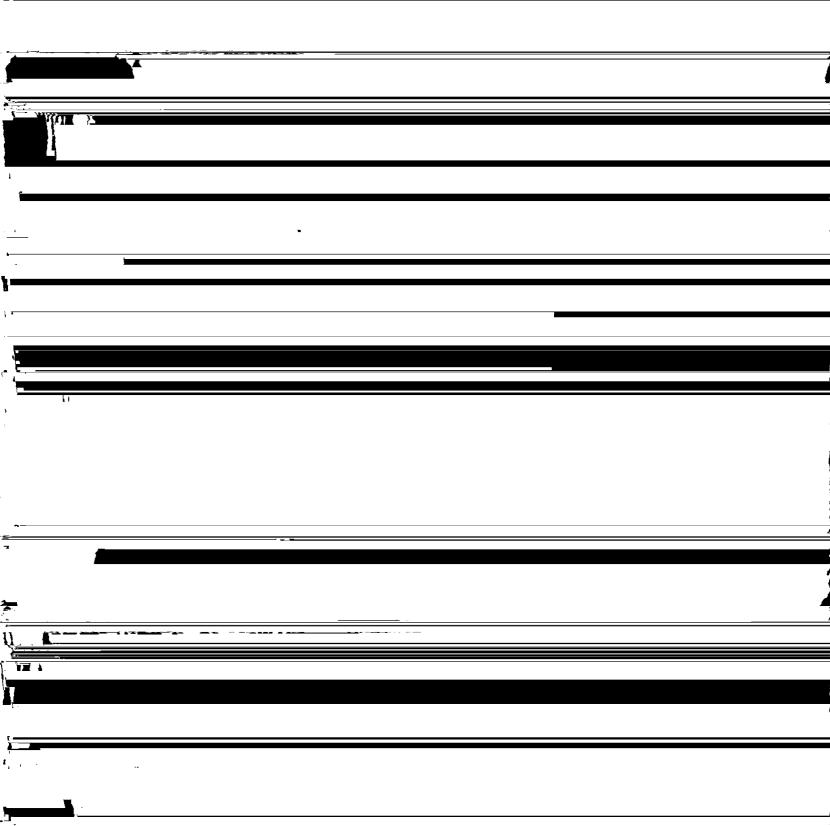
Azimuth	18.0 dBu
(Deg T)	(mi)
•00	24.37
5.00	21.17
10.00	23.37
15.00	24.41
20.00	24.29
25.00	23.66
30.00	22.56
35.00	20.49
40.00	23.71
45.00	20.47
50.00	4.94
55.00	10.40
60.00	14.37
65.00	16.09
70.00	14.33
75.00	13.08
80.00	12.80
85.00	9.78
90.00	9.32
<u> </u>	

EXHIBIT	1
DACE	6

Azimuth	18.0 dBu
(Deg T)	(mi)
140.00	15.40
145.00	13.56
155.00	9.39
160.00	12.34
165.00	14.37
170.00	13.15
175.00	14.54
180.00	14.79
185.00	15.82
190.00	15.42
195.00	13.55
200.00	12.89
205.00	12.60
210.00	12.36
215.00	13.69
220.00	14.65
225_00	13.67

SHORT-SPACED MOBILE OUTSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 dBu CONTOUR EXHIBIT PAGE 2

1



SHORT-SPACED MOBILE OUTSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 dBu CONTOUR

Azimuth	40.0 dBu
(Deg T)	(mi)
(Deg T) 145.00	17.88
150.00	18.06
155.00	18.33
160.00	17.29
165.00	17.93
170.00	19.53
175.00	19.10
180.00	19.75
185.00	21.37
190.00	22.94
195.00	22.13
200.00	20.91
205.00	21.68
210.00	16.77
215.00	14.74
220.00	8.60
225.00	9.39
230.00	9.18
235.00	17.03
240.00	15.47
245.00	9.96
250.00	9.89
255.00	10.04
260.00	8.40
265.00	9.17
270.00	10.94
275.00	11.90
280.00	11.61
285.00	5.00
290.00	6.31
295.00	10.36
300.00	11.29
305.00	9.73
310.00	10.21
315.00	7.89
320.00	8.40
325.00	7.55
330.00	12.82
335.00	11.00
340.00	11.18
345.00	8.73
350.00	10.61
355.00	7.06

AVERAGE: 13.55 Miles for 40 dBu Contour.

SHORT-SPACED MOBILE OUTSIDE EXISTING BASE STATION'S 40 dBu CONTOUR EXHIBIT 2 PAGE 3

INTERPOLATED DISTANCE TO CONTOURS - BULLINGTON OBSTRUCTION METHOD COMPUTED FIELD VALUES - BULLINGTON OBSTRUCTION METHOD

Transmitter Latitude: 38:45:50.0N 161